

GOV. PARDEE TAKES ACTION ON PLAGUE REPORTS

Accepts Conclusions of Federal Medical Staff That Plague Exists in San Francisco.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS MAIL SPECIAL.)

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 20.—Governor Pardee was interviewed this morning by a Bee reporter as to his probable course in the matter of the existence of bubonic plague in San Francisco as a result of the conference held in Washington yesterday.

"I want to say," replied the Governor in responding to a question, "that I propose to act in complete harmony with the Federal authorities. They must be satisfied so as to restore public confidence, and my plans, therefore, will be made to fit in with theirs."

"The medical authorities have emphatically declared that plague has existed and does exist in San Francisco," continued the Governor, "and that settles it as far as I am concerned. It matters not what one's belief may be as to the existence or non-existence of this disease. Medical men say it exists and there is no going behind the returns. Consequently, I stand ready to do what the Federal authorities desire."

"What do you propose to do, Governor?" was the next question propounded.

"That I cannot say now," was the reply. "It is a little too early for me to form plans, particularly as I must first be informed of the wishes of the Federal medical authorities, since I propose to co-operate with them right along. What we want to do is to put an end to the suspicion with which California is regarded outside the State's limits."

"A Washington dispatch says the Marine Hospital Service will take charge of the situation in San Francisco if you request it," said the reporter to the Governor.

"As they have not requested it yet, I cannot say what I will do, further than that I propose to work in harmony with the Federal authorities, as I have told you before," was the reply.

"How about the State Board of Health, Governor?" was the next question.

"Well, well," he said, "Suppose for the time being we let the board work out its own salvation." And with this he smiled, and his questioner was as wise as before he propounded his query.

"Will you order Chinatown in San Francisco cleaned, as a morning paper intimates you will?" was the next question.

"I do not think I have the authority to make any such order," replied the Governor. "If the San Francisco authorities desire I will gladly co-operate with them, but I cannot force myself upon them as I understand my powers."

"If Chinatown needs re-cleaning it certainly should be given it."

"In short," continued the Governor, "I am in favor of strenuous and harmonious action all along the line that this whole miserable business may be the sooner wiped off the slate."

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, January 27.—King Oscar is believed to be dying. The Crown Prince has assumed a regency over Norway and Sweden.

LONDON, January 27.—There is no friction between Germany and Great Britain in the Venezuelan matter. The blockade will be raised in a few days.

BERLIN, Germany, January 27.—The Baron von Sternberg has been made Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Washington.

NORDHAUSEN, Prussia, January 27.—Prince Stollberg is dead at Castle Park. His death was either by murder or suicide, it is not known which.

HONGKONG, January 27.—A plot for a simultaneous rising of rebels in Hongkong and Canton has been discovered, and the leading rebels have been arrested.

LONDON, January 27.—The sentence of Colonel Lynch, the ex-Boer leader, recently sentenced to be executed for high treason, has been commuted to life imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 27.—Congressman Lessler asserts that the original statement made by him regarding the submarine boat bribery matter was true and that the new statement of Dobbins is false.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Robert Planquette, composer of some of the most famous operas, died today. Planquette was fifty-three years of age. The success of his life was the "Chimes of Normandy" which met with instantaneous success when first performed in Paris in 1877. Since then the opera has been heard in nearly every part of the world. Planquette's successful operettas were "Valet de Cour," "Le Serment de Mme. Gringore," and "Paille d'Avoine." His most recent efforts were "Rip Van Winkle," "Le Chevalier Gaston," and "Nell Gwynne," the latter having phenomenal runs in English playhouses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 28.—The representatives of the allies have cabled their governments to accept the proposition made by United States Minister Bowen, regarding Venezuelan customs, as a preliminary to further negotiations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Quay has offered an amendment to the appropriation bill admitting New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma as States.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—H. H. Asquith, the Liberal leader, severely criticised in a speech today the Anglo-German alliance against Venezuela.

TUCSON, Jan. 28.—In a collision on the Southern Pacific near here, twenty persons were killed and a number injured.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 28.—In a snowslide at Park City three were killed and several injured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The Gaelic left port for Honolulu and the Orient at 2 p. m.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Prince Arthobald Mokena is missing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Sugar three and eleven sixteenths.

NEVADA'S SENATORSHIP GOES TO F. NEWLANDS

**Author of the Hawaiian Resolution
and of the Arid Irrigation
Law Promoted.**

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 27.—Congressman Francis G. Newlands, author of the Newlands' Resolution of Annexation of Hawaii, was elected United States Senator from Nevada to succeed John P. Jones today.



Senator Jones retired after thirty years in the United States Senate and left the field practically to Newlands whose election was from the start counted on as a certainty owing to the fact that he was the author of and winner of the fight for the Irrigation Bill which Nevadans were greatly interested in.

Newlands has had to make a great fight in becoming a Senator at the age of fifty-one and his

election places one more lawyer in the highest legislative body of the United States.

He was born in Mississippi but got his schooling at Yale and Columbia. Leaving the District of Columbia, where he had been admitted to the bar, Newlands went to California and after practicing law there until 1886 he fell into luck that changed the course of his life. Upon the death of Senator Sharon of Nevada Newlands was chosen as one of the trustees of the estate. In order to attend to his duties in that connection he had to remove to Nevada. On his arrival there he immediately plunged into the silver question. Nevada was producing immense quantities of the white metal and young Newlands soon became her champion in an effort to keep up the price of that commodity and thus insure the continued prosperity of the state. For years he was vice-chairman of the national silver committee. This put him into Congress and he has since served in the 53d, 54th, and 56th Congresses. Although his championing of the silver cause for his state led to but ill success he had better luck with irrigation and has done much toward the development of the arid regions of Nevada and the west generally.

CANADA'S FIGHT AGAINST JAPAN IMMIGRATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

OTTAWA, Canada, Jan. 28.—A bill has been introduced into the Canadian Parliament raising the amount of poll tax that Orientals must pay on entering Canada. The bill is the result of recent trouble that Canada has had with British Columbia over the admission of Japanese.

A dispatch from Quebec on Dec. 20th stated: "The obstinacy of the British Columbia Government threatens to get Great Britain into dispute with Japan."

"For many years past the increasing Japanese immigration has been a source of trouble to the Government and people of British Columbia. They attempted in vain to obtain legislation by the Dominion Government against the admission of Japanese immigrants. Then they legislated against it themselves, but having no constitutional authority to do so, their enactment was disallowed."

"An appeal was made to England by both British Columbia and Japan, and the latter being on most friendly terms with Great Britain, the decision was against British Columbia. Nevertheless the British Columbia Legislature, recently enacted a law to provide against the admission into the country of any immigrants who could not speak one European language. This was also disallowed at Ottawa on Dec. 5, and notice to that effect was forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor."

"It now seems as if the British Columbians were determined to set the Canadian Government at defiance, for official information has been received to the effect that nineteen Japanese have been arrested and jailed in the Pacific province, under the provisions of the statute which has been disallowed."

"Orders have been sent from Ottawa to Victoria, for the release of the imprisoned Japanese, and a conflict of authority is feared. The Japanese Government is understood to be in communication with Great Britain on the subject."

OLYMPIA, Washington, Jan. 28.—The peculiar three-cornered fight that has been waged in the Senate here over the election of a United States Senator to succeed Senator Turner, the fusionist, resulted tonight in the election of Levi Ankeny, a capitalist, who had secured many of the Democratic votes. His opponents were Harold Preston and former Senator John L. Wilson. The contest has been a bitter one and assertions were made that Senator Ankeny used money to secure his election. Ankeny has been an avowed candidate for the senatorship for some years.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Minister Bowen held a late conference with the representatives of the allied powers with a view to settling the Venezuelan question and providing for an early administration of the customs by a neutral power. Considerable progress was made in the negotiation.

EL PASO, Jan. 28.—Forty thousand dollars' worth of silver bars have been stolen from a bonded car on the Southern Pacific railroad.

MILLION DOLLARS WILL COME TO THE TERRITORY SOON

**The President Signs the Fire Claims
Bill—Revenue Cutter Bill
Passes House.**

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE ADVERTISERS.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The President signed the Fire Claims bill today.

The house committee has favorably reported the bill to provide a revenue cutter for the Hawaiian Islands.

E. G. WALKER.

King Oscar Dying.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 27.—King Oscar is believed to be dying. Crown Prince Gustavus Adolphus has assumed a regency over Norway and Sweden.

During the brief regency of the Crown Prince at the time of the King's illness in 1901, the former managed to stir up all the old hatred between the Norwegians and the Swedes. The Norwegians remembered the old scores and their desire is that Norway should become free and break away from a distasteful union that has existed between the two countries since the adoption of the constitution of 1814.

Prince Gustavus is an admirer of the German Emperor. He believes the mailed fist preferable to mild measures in dealing with subjects, whether disloyal or otherwise. Repeatedly he has expressed the sentiment that there could be no greater pleasure for him than that of leading Swedish troops against the Norwegians and it was because of these sentiments that the Norwegian Storting a couple of years ago suspended the payment of its portion of the civil list of the Crown Prince. The question is pertinently asked if the Storting will not likewise refuse to pay its portion of Gustavus' civil list when he becomes king. If it should do so, an open conflict is probable.

The old talk of Norway as a republic is being revived in the Norwegian capital. Leaders wish to use the powerful army and navy that the country now controls to gain this end. During 1901 Norway raised a loan of 20,000,000 crowns for military purposes and all of this money has been spent upon her army and navy.

MAZATLAN, Mexico, Jan. 27.—The health conditions here are becoming less favorable. Deaths from the plague are occurring daily. The situation is becoming worse and the officials appear to be unable to successfully cope with the dread disease.

LONDON, January 27.—The unknown vessel reported ashore on the coast of Wales near Holyhead and which was supposed to have been an American liner, was not a passenger vessel at all but a German freighter. All of those aboard were saved.

TOPEKA, Kansas, Jan. 27.—Congressman Chester I. Long was today elected United States Senator from Kansas. Mr. Long succeeds Senator William A. Harris, a Democrat, who at one time enjoyed the distinction of being the only Populist in the United States Senate.

The new Senator is a Republican. In November he was elected to succeed himself in Congress by a large majority as Representative of the seventh district. He is a lawyer. He first served in the Fifty-fourth Congress. In the election for Congressman in November he carried thirty-four out of thirty-six counties in his district.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Rains are general throughout California and the telegraphic service is crippled. The rivers are running high and there have been several washouts, delaying trains. The Sacramento valley is flooded.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—An effort is being made to get the coal convention to criticize the non-enforcement of the anti-trust law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Secretary Hay is using his offices to avert a rupture between Brazil and Bolivia over the Acre question.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The powers are still haggling over Venezuela and there is no immediate prospect of a settlement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The House has passed the Senate bill to increase the salaries of Federal judges.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—A passenger train has been wrecked at Graceland, N. J. Twenty-four were killed.

LA GUAYRA, Jan. 27.—An Italian cruiser left this port today towing seven Venezuelan prizes.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—A mob seized a coal train today and removed the contents of five cars.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Sugar has dropped to three and three-fourths.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 27.—This city has begun selling coal to the poor at cost.

CHICAGO, January 27.—Four hundred thousand Finns are starving. They appeal to America.

LAWRENCE, Kas., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Carrie Nation has brought suit in the Federal court against the city of Wichita, claiming \$10,000 damages for injuries caused by mob violence in 1901.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 28.—The British Columbia Board of Health declares that bubonic plague exists in San Francisco and that a force of men is employed there collecting rats that have died of the malady.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—This city is preparing to regulate the use and sale of matches.

SYDNEY, C. B., Jan. 28.—Snowstorms have proved no obstacle to the free transmission of Marconi telegrams across the Atlantic.

PARIS, January 28.—Belgium will undertake the administration of the Venezuelan customs in behalf of the allied powers, thus relieving the United States of any responsibility in the matter.